

MARKET FUNDAMENTALS

7,710,000

Availability 2026 Q2 in sq m

1,815,000

Q2 2026 take-up in sq m

€125

Prime rent (sq m/yr)

Source: Cushman & Wakefield

ECONOMIC INDICATORS

1.0%

GDP Growth

4.2%

Unemployment rate

4.9%

Prime yield (GIY, excl. buyers' costs)

Source: CPB, Cushman & Wakefield

INVESTMENT MARKET: SELECTIVE CAPITAL IN A CAUTIOUS MARKET

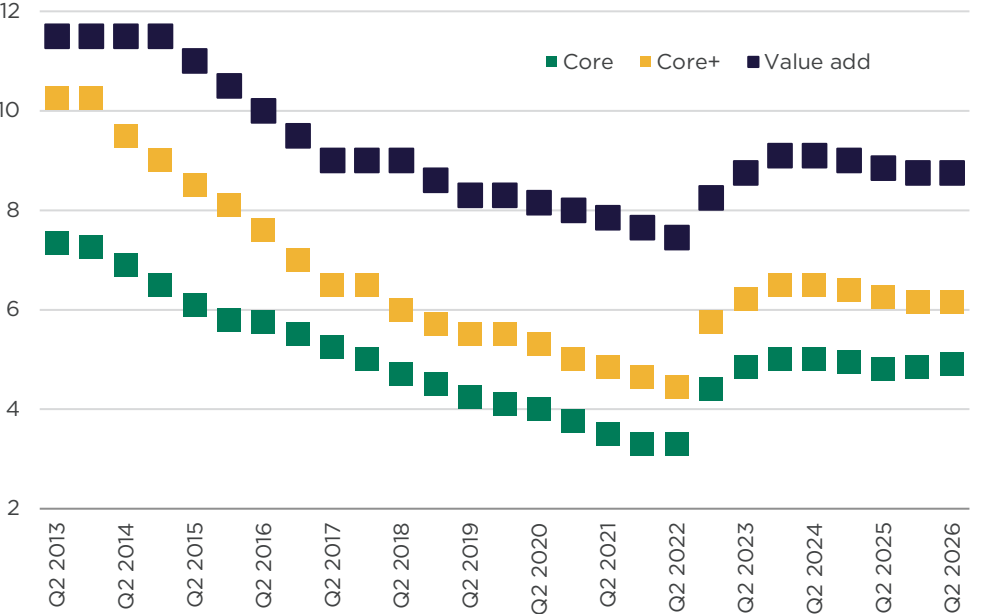
Total investment volume in the Dutch industrial and logistics market amounted to approximately €772 million in H1 2026, of which around €618 million was allocated to logistics assets (80%). Investment activity improved compared with Q1, although volumes remained concentrated in a limited number of transactions, reflecting a cautious and selective investor approach. Despite the recovery, investment volume remains significantly below the €980 million recorded in H1 2025. However, the year-on-year decline has narrowed considerably compared with the more than 60% gap recorded after Q1. Investor decision-making remains deliberate. Core capital continues to target the highest-quality assets in prime locations with strong tenant covenants and long lease terms, while a broader investor base is increasingly looking at higher-yielding opportunities outside the strict ‘core’ segment. Financing conditions remain supportive, with stability in interest rates considered more important than the absolute level of rates. Transaction processes remain extended due to more extensive due diligence, although a stronger second half of the year is expected as delayed transactions from 2025.

OCCUPIER MARKET: RESILIENT BUT POLARIZED MARKET

In Q2 2026, total occupier take-up reached approximately 1.8 million sq m, representing an increase of 12% year on year. Logistics accounted for around 1.1 million sq m, while industrial space represented approximately 727,000 sq m. Around 70% of take-up remained concentrated in Southern Netherlands and the Randstad. Despite strong headline figures, occupier activity remains selective. Individual transactions are becoming smaller, with occupiers increasingly focused on location quality, building specifications and total occupancy costs. Supply increased from approximately 6.8 million sq m to 7.7 million sq m, partly due to recently completed and under-construction space awaiting occupiers. Demand for high-quality assets in prime locations remains strong, while secondary markets face higher vacancy and more moderate demand. Existing buildings are gaining importance as higher construction costs, longer permitting processes and limited land availability improve the attractiveness of well-maintained stock. Looking ahead, the market is expected to remain stable but increasingly polarized, with prime rents under upward pressure and secondary locations facing higher vacancy and incentives. Overall, fundamentals remain resilient, with a continued focus on quality and efficiency.

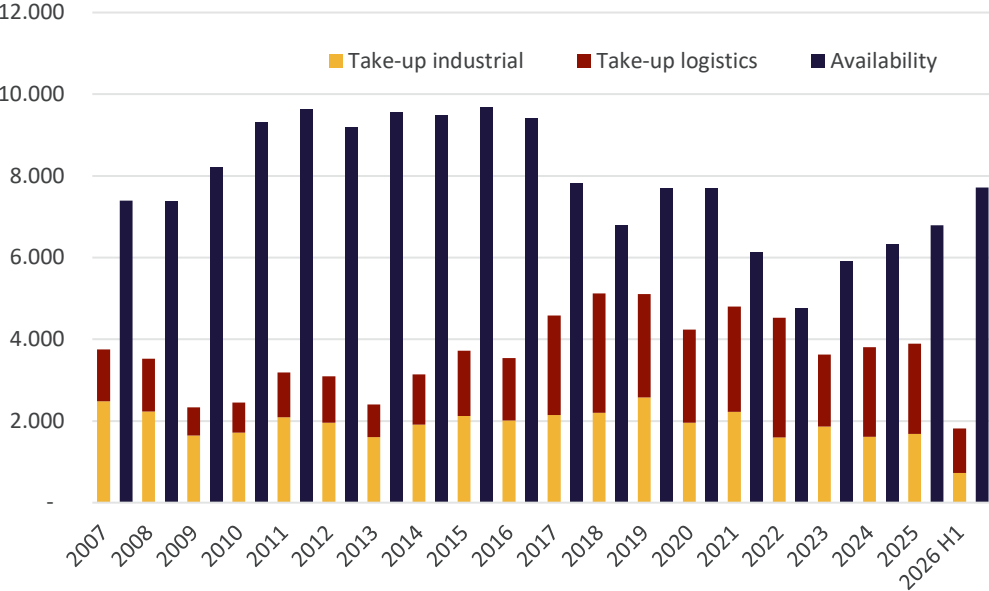
INDUSTRIAL YIELD DEVELOPMENT

GIY, excl. buyers' cost



Period	Core	Core+	Value add
Q2 2013	7.5	10.5	11.5
Q2 2014	7.2	9.5	11.5
Q2 2015	6.2	8.5	10.5
Q2 2016	5.8	7.8	10.0
Q2 2017	5.2	6.8	9.2
Q2 2018	4.8	6.2	9.2
Q2 2019	4.2	5.8	8.5
Q2 2020	4.0	5.5	8.2
Q2 2021	3.5	5.0	8.0
Q2 2022	3.2	4.5	7.5
Q2 2023	4.8	6.2	8.8
Q2 2024	5.0	6.5	9.2
Q2 2025	4.8	6.2	9.0
Q2 2026	4.8	6.2	8.8

Take-up by category and availability (x 1.000 sq.m l.f.a.)



Year	Take-up industrial	Take-up logistics	Availability
2007	2500	1000	7500
2008	2200	1200	7500
2009	1800	600	8200
2010	1800	700	9300
2011	2000	1000	9500
2012	2000	1000	9200
2013	1800	700	9500
2014	2000	1000	9500
2015	2000	1500	9500
2016	2000	1500	9500
2017	2200	2300	9500
2018	2200	2800	8000
2019	2500	2500	6800
2020	2000	2200	7800
2021	2200	2500	7800
2022	1800	2800	6200
2023	1800	1800	4800
2024	1800	2000	5800
2025	1800	2200	6300
2026 H1	1000	1000	7800

Source: Cushman & Wakefield

Better never settles

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